

Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

TEROSON BOND BLACK PRIMER

TEROSON BOND BLACK PRIMER

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use:

Primer

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel AG & Co. KGaA

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Germany

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For Safety Data Sheet updates please visit our website https://mysds.henkel.com/index.html#/appSelection or www.henkel-adhesives.com.

1.4. Emergency telephone number

The Henkel information service also provides an around-the-clock telephone service on phone no.+49-(0)211-797-3350 for exceptional cases.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification (CLP):

Flammable liquids Category 2

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

Serious eye irritation Category 2

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Target organ: Central nervous system

2.2. Label elements

Label elements (CLP):

Hazard pictogram:



Contains Butanone

Signal word: Danger

Hazard statement: H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation. H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Supplemental information EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

Prevention No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing mist/spray.

P280 Wear protective gloves/eye protection.

Precautionary statement:

Precautionary statement:

Response

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use CO2, dry chemical, or foam for extinction.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

Precautionary statement:

Storage

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

2.3. Other hazards

Solvents contained in the product evaporate during processing and their vapors can form explosive/highly inflammable air/vapor mixtures.

The solvent vapors are heavier than air and may collect in high concentrations at floor level.

Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

Following substances are present in a concentration >= 0.1% and fulfill the criteria for PBT/vPvB, or were identified as endocrine disruptor (ED):

This mixture does not contain any substances in concentration \geq the concentration limit that are assessed to be a PBT, vPvB or ED.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components CAS-No. EC Number REACH-Reg No.	Concentration	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M- factors and ATEs	Add. Information
Butanone 78-93-3 201-159-0 01-2119457290-43	40- 60 %	STOT SE 3, H336 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Flam. Liq. 2, H225		EU OEL
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 205-500-4 01-2119475103-46	1- < 5 %	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 STOT SE 3, H336 Eye Irrit. 2, H319		EU OEL
n-butyl acetate 123-86-4 204-658-1 01-2119485493-29	1- < 3 %	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 STOT SE 3, H336		EU OEL
Acrylic acid 79-10-7 201-177-9 01-2119452449-31	0,1-< 1 %	Acute Tox. 4, Dermal, H312 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, Oral, H302 Acute Tox. 4, Inhalation, H332 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 STOT SE 3, H335	STOT SE 3; H335; C >= 1 % ===== M acute = 1 ===== dermal:ATE = 1.100 mg/kg inhalation:ATE = 11 mg/l;vapour	EU OEL

For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information". Substances without classification may have community workplace exposure limits available.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air, consult doctor if complaint persists.

Skin contact:

Rinse with running water and soap. Apply replenishing cream. Change all contaminated clothing.

Eve contact

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Ingestion:

Rinse mouth, drink 1-2 glasses of water, do not induce vomiting, consult a doctor.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

EYE: Irritation, conjunctivitis.

Vapors may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media Suitable extinguishing media:

Carbon dioxide, foam, powder

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

Water jet (solvent-containing product).

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire toxic gases can be released.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Wear protective equipment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear protective equipment.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Keep unprotected persons away.

Danger of slipping on spilled product.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Remove with liquid-absorbing material (sand, peat, sawdust).

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid open flames and sources of ignition.

Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Use explosion proof electric equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

Hygiene measures:

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.

Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Storage at 15 to 25°C is recommended.

Store in a cool, dry place.

Do not store together with food or other consumables (coffee, tea, tobacco, etc.).

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Primer

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits

Valid for Germany

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm mg/m³ Value type		Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Butanone 78-93-3 [BUTANONE]	200	600	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
Butanone 78-93-3 [BUTANONE]	300	900	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	Indicative	ECTLV
Butanone 78-93-3			Skin designation:	Can be absorbed through the skin.	TRGS 900
Butanone 78-93-3	200	600	Exposure limit(s):	If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7).	TRGS 900
Butanone 78-93-3			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category I: substances for which the localized effect has an assigned OEL or for substances with a sensitizing effect in respiratory passages.	TRGS 900
Carbon black 1333-86-4		1,25	Exposure limit(s):	If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7).	TRGS 900
Carbon black 1333-86-4		10	Exposure limit(s):	If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7).	TRGS 900
Carbon black 1333-86-4			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category II: substances with a resorptive effect.	TRGS 900
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 [ETHYL ACETATE]	200	734	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6 [ETHYL ACETATE]	400	1.468	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	Indicative	ECTLV
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category I: substances for which the localized effect has an assigned OEL or for substances with a sensitizing effect in respiratory passages.	TRGS 900
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	200	730	Exposure limit(s):	If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7).	TRGS 900
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	62	300	Exposure limit(s):	If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7).	TRGS 900
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category II: substances with a resorptive effect.	TRGS 900
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4 [N-BUTYL ACETATE]	150	723	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	Indicative	ECTLV
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4 [N-BUTYL ACETATE]	50	241	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV

Acrylic acid 79-10-7 [ACRYLIC ACID (PROP-2-ENOIC ACID)]	10	29	Time Weighted Average (TWA):	Indicative	ECTLV
Acrylic acid 79-10-7 [ACRYLIC ACID (PROP-2-ENOIC ACID)]	20	59	Short Term Exposure Limit (STEL):	Indicative	ECTLV
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	10	30	Exposure limit(s):	I If the AGW and BGW values are complied with, there should be no risk of reproductive damage (see Number 2.7).	TRGS 900
Acrylic acid 79-10-7			Short Term Exposure Classification:	Category I: substances for which the localized effect has an assigned OEL or for substances with a sensitizing effect in respiratory passages.	TRGS 900

Predicted No-Effect Concentration (PNEC):

Name on list	Environmental Compartment	Exposure period	Value				Remarks
		,	mg/l	ppm	mg/kg	others	
Butanone	aqua		55,8 mg/l				
78-93-3	(freshwater)		_				
Butanone	aqua (marine		55,8 mg/l				
78-93-3	water)						
Butanone	aqua		55,8 mg/l				
78-93-3	(intermittent releases)						
Butanone	sewage		709 mg/l				
78-93-3	treatment plant		709 Ilig/1				
70 73 3	(STP)						
Butanone	sediment				284,74		
78-93-3	(freshwater)				mg/kg		
Butanone	sediment				284,7		
78-93-3	(marine water)				mg/kg		
Butanone	Soil				22,5 mg/kg		
78-93-3							
Butanone	oral				1000		
78-93-3					mg/kg		
Ethyl acetate	aqua		0,24 mg/l				
141-78-6 Ethyl acetate	(freshwater)		0,024 mg/l	 		-	
141-78-6	aqua (marine water)		0,024 mg/l				
Ethyl acetate	aqua		1,65 mg/l				
141-78-6	(intermittent		1,05 1119/1				
111700	releases)						
Ethyl acetate	sewage		650 mg/l				
141-78-6	treatment plant						
	(STP)						
Ethyl acetate	sediment				1,15 mg/kg		
141-78-6	(freshwater)						
Ethyl acetate	sediment				0,115		
141-78-6	(marine water)				mg/kg		
Ethyl acetate	Air						no hazard identified
141-78-6	Soil				0,148		
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	5011				0,148 mg/kg		
Ethyl acetate	oral				200 mg/kg		
141-78-6	ora:				200 mg kg		
n-Butyl acetate	aqua		0,18 mg/l				
123-86-4	(freshwater)						
n-Butyl acetate	aqua (marine		0,018 mg/l				
123-86-4	water)						
n-Butyl acetate	aqua		0,36 mg/l				
123-86-4	(intermittent						
n Desteri - cotete	releases)		25.6/1				
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	sewage treatment plant		35,6 mg/l				
123-00-4	(STP)						
n-Butyl acetate	sediment				0,981		
123-86-4	(freshwater)				mg/kg		
n-Butyl acetate	sediment				0,0981		
123-86-4	(marine water)				mg/kg		
n-Butyl acetate	Soil				0,0903		
123-86-4				ļ	mg/kg		
n-Butyl acetate	Air		1				no hazard identified
123-86-4	D 1:			 			1.0
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	Predator						no potential for bioaccumulation
Acrylic acid	aqua		0,003 mg/l	1		1	DIOACCUIIIUIALION
79-10-7	(freshwater)		0,003 mg/1				
Acrylic acid	aqua (marine		0,0003				
79-10-7	water)		mg/l				
Acrylic acid	sewage		0,9 mg/l				
79-10-7	treatment plant		, , ,				
	(STP)		<u> </u>				
Acrylic acid	sediment				0,0236		
79-10-7	(freshwater)		1		mg/kg		
Acrylic acid	sediment				0,00236		
79-10-7	(marine water)		Ì	1	mg/kg	ĺ	1

Acrylic acid 79-10-7	Soil		1 mg/kg	
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	oral		0,03 g/kg	
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	Air			no hazard identified

Derived No-Effect Level (DNEL):

Name on list	Application Area	Route of Exposure	Health Effect	Exposure Time	Value	Remarks
Butanone 78-93-3	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		1161 mg/kg	
Butanone 78-93-3	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		600 mg/m3	
Butanone 78-93-3	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		412 mg/kg	
Butanone 78-93-3	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		106 mg/m3	
Butanone 78-93-3	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		31 mg/kg	
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	Workers	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects		1468 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	Workers	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects		1468 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		63 mg/kg	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		734 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects		734 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	General population	Inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects		734 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	General population	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects		734 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		37 mg/kg	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		367 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects		4,5 mg/kg	no hazard identified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects		367 mg/m3	no hazard identified
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		300 mg/m3	no hazard identified
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	Workers	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects		600 mg/m3	no hazard identified
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects		300 mg/m3	no hazard identified
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	Workers	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects		600 mg/m3	no hazard identified
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	Workers	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects		11 mg/kg	no hazard identified
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	Workers	dermal	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects		11 mg/kg	no hazard identified
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - systemic effects		35,7 mg/m3	no hazard identified
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	General population	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure -		300 mg/m3	no hazard identified

		Ì	systemic effects		
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	General population	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects	300 mg/m3	no hazard identified
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	General population	dermal	Long term exposure - systemic effects	6 mg/kg	no hazard identified
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	General population	dermal	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects	6 mg/kg	no hazard identified
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	General population	oral	Long term exposure - systemic effects	2 mg/kg	no hazard identified
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	General population	oral	Acute/short term exposure - systemic effects	2 mg/kg	no hazard identified
n-Butyl acetate 123-86-4	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects	35,7 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	Workers	inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects	30 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	Workers	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects	30 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	Workers	dermal	Acute/short term exposure - local effects	1 mg/cm2	no hazard identified
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	General population	dermal	Acute/short term exposure - local effects	1 mg/cm2	no hazard identified
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	General population	inhalation	Acute/short term exposure - local effects	3,6 mg/m3	no hazard identified
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	General population	inhalation	Long term exposure - local effects	3,6 mg/m3	no hazard identified

Biological Exposure Indices:

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	Parameters	Biological specimen	Sampling time		Basis of biol. exposure index	 Additional Information
Butanone	2-butanone	Urine	Sampling time: End of	150 mg/l	DE BGW	
78-93-3			shift.	_		
[2-Butanone; Methylethylketone]						

8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls:

Use only in well ventilated areas.

Respiratory protection:

In case of aerosol formation, we recommend wearing of appropriate respiratory protection equipment with ABEK P2 filter (EN 14387).

This recommendation should be matched to local conditions.

Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374). Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374): Isobutylene-isoprene rubber (IIR; >= 0.7 mm thickness) Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374): Isobutylene-isoprene rubber (IIR; >= 0.7 mm thickness) This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

Eye protection:

Goggles which can be tightly sealed.

Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

Skin protection:

Wear protective equipment.

Protective clothing that covers arms and legs.

Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

Advices to personal protection equipment:

Use only personal protection that's CE-labelled according to Directive 89/686/EEC (Europe) or to Regulation No. 819 of 19 August 1994 (Norway), or equivalent.

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state Delivery form liquid Colour black

Odor of ester and keton

Melting point Not applicable, Product is a liquid

< -50 °C (< -58 °F) Solidification temperature

79 °C (174.2 °F)no method Initial boiling point

Flammability Flammable liquid

Explosive limits

lower 0.88%(V);

Upper explosion limit not applicable for safe processing

practices.

Flash point -5,0 °C (23 °F); no method Auto-ignition temperature $> 300 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, (> 572 \, ^{\circ}\text{F})$

Decomposition temperature Not applicable, Substance/mixture is not self-reactive, no

organic peroxide and does not decompose under foreseen

conditions of use

9 - 19 mPa.s Supplier method

Not miscible or difficult to mix

pН Not applicable, Product reacts with water.

12 mm2/s

(20 °C (68 °F);)

Viscosity, dynamic

Viscosity (kinematic)

(; 20 °C (68 °F)) 13 s Dummy

Flow cup viscosity (23 °C (73.4 °F); Nozzle: 25 mm Dummy)

Solubility (qualitative) (20 °C (68 °F); Solvent: Water)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not applicable

Mixture

Vapour pressure 430 mbar; no method

(55 °C (131 °F))

Vapour pressure 97 hPa

(20 °C (68 °F))

Vapour pressure 370 hPa

(50 °C (122 °F))

Density 0,97 g/cm3 Supplier method

(20 °C (68 °F))

Relative vapour density: 1,3

(20 °C)

Particle characteristics Not applicable Product is a liquid

9.2. Other information

Other information not applicable for this product

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Oxidizers.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat, flames, sparks and other sources of ignition.

10.5. Incompatible materials

See section reactivity.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No decomposition if used according to specifications.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

1.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute oral toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Species	Method
Butanone 78-93-3	LD50	2.737 mg/kg	rat	not specified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	LD50	6.100 mg/kg	rat	not specified
n-butyl acetate 123-86-4	LD50	10.760 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 423 (Acute Oral toxicity)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	LD50	1.500 mg/kg	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)

Acute dermal toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			
Butanone	LD50	> 6.400 mg/kg	rabbit	not specified
78-93-3				
Ethyl acetate	LD50	> 20.000 mg/kg	rabbit	Draize Test
141-78-6				
n-butyl acetate	LD50	> 14.112 mg/kg	rabbit	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
123-86-4				
Acrylic acid	Acute	1.100 mg/kg		Expert judgement
79-10-7	toxicity			
	estimate			
	(ATE)			
Acrylic acid	LD50	> 2.000 mg/kg	rabbit	OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
79-10-7				

Acute inhalative toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Test atmosphere	Exposure time	Species	Method
Butanone 78-93-3	LC50	> 20 mg/l	vapour	4 h	rat	not specified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	LC0	> 22,5 mg/l	dust/mist	6 h	rat	other guideline:
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	LC50	> 22,5 mg/l	dust/mist	6 h	rat	other guideline:
n-butyl acetate 123-86-4	LC50	> 23,4 mg/l	mist	4 h	rat	OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	LC0	5,1 mg/l	vapour	4 h	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)	11 mg/l	vapour			Expert judgement

Skin corrosion/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Butanone 78-93-3	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	slightly irritating	24 h	rabbit	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
n-butyl acetate 123-86-4	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	Category 1 (corrosive)	3 min	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

Serious eye damage/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.		time		
Butanone	irritating		rabbit	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye
78-93-3				Irritation / Corrosion)
Ethyl acetate	slightly		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
141-78-6	irritating			
n-butyl acetate	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
123-86-4	_			
Acrylic acid	Category 1		rabbit	BASF Test
79-10-7	(irreversible			
	effects on the			
	eye)			

Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result	Test type	Species	Method
CAS-No.				
Butanone	not sensitising	Buehler test	guinea pig	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline
78-93-3				406 (Skin Sensitisation)
Ethyl acetate	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
141-78-6		test		
n-butyl acetate	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation	guinea pig	not specified
123-86-4		test		
Acrylic acid	not sensitising	Freund's complete adjuvant	guinea pig	Klecak Method
79-10-7		test		
Acrylic acid	not sensitising	Split adjuvant test	guinea pig	Maguire Method
79-10-7				

Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Butanone 78-93-3	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Butanone 78-93-3	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	not applicable		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
Butanone 78-93-3	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
n-butyl acetate 123-86-4	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
n-butyl acetate 123-86-4	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	negative	DNA damage and repair assay, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells in vitro	without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 482 (Genetic Toxicology: DNA Damage and Repair, Unscheduled DNA Synthesis in Mammalian Cells
Butanone 78-93-3	negative	intraperitoneal		mouse	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	negative	oral: gavage		hamster, Chinese	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)
n-butyl acetate 123-86-4	negative	oral: gavage		mouse	OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	negative	oral: gavage		rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 475 (Mammalian Bone Marrow Chromosome Aberration Test)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	negative	oral: gavage		mouse	not specified

Carcinogenicity

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous components CAS-No.	Result	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Sex	Method
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	not carcinogenic	oral: drinking water	26 - 28 m continuously	rat	male/female	OECD Guideline 451 (Carcinogenicity Studies)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	not carcinogenic	dermal	21 m 3 times/w	mouse	male/female	not specified

Reproductive toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Test type	Route of application	Species	Method
Butanone 78-93-3	NOAEL P 10.000 mg/l NOAEL F1 10.000 mg/l	two- generation study	oral: drinking water	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 416 (Two- Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	NOAEL P 1500 ppm	other:	inhalation	rat	other guideline:
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	NOAEL P 83 mg/kg NOAEL F1 250 mg/kg	one- generation study	oral: drinking water	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 415 (One- Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	NOAEL P 240 mg/kg NOAEL F1 53 mg/kg NOAEL F2 53 mg/kg	two- generation study	oral: drinking water	rat	OECD Guideline 416 (Two-Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)

STOT-single exposure:

No data available.

STOT-repeated exposure::

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of treatment	Species	Method
Butanone 78-93-3	NOAEL 2500 ppm	inhalation	90 days 6 hours/day, 5 days/week	rat	not specified
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	NOAEL 900 mg/kg	oral: gavage	90 d daily	rat	EPA OTS 795.2600 (Subchronic Oral Toxicity Test)
n-butyl acetate 123-86-4	NOAEL 125 mg/kg	oral: gavage	6 (interim sacrifice) or 13 w daily	rat	EPA OTS 798.2650 (90- Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	NOAEL 40 mg/kg	oral: drinking water	12 m daily	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 452 (Chronic Toxicity Studies)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	NOAEL 0,015 mg/l	inhalation: vapour	90 d 6 h/d, 5 d/w	mouse	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 413 (Subchronic Inhalation Toxicity: 90-Day)

Aspiration hazard:

The mixture is classified based on Viscosity data.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Viscosity (kinematic) Value	Temperature	Method	Remarks
Butanone	0,51 mm2/s	20 °C	ASTM Standard D7042	
78-93-3				

11.2 Information on other hazards

not applicable

SECTION 12: Ecological information

General ecological information:

Do not empty into drains, soil or bodies of water.

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity (Fish):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Butanone 78-93-3	LC50	3.220 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	LC50	220 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	other guideline:
n-butyl acetate 123-86-4	LC50	18 mg/l	96 h	Pimephales promelas	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	LC50	27 mg/l	96 h	Salmo gairdneri (new name: Oncorhynchus mykiss)	EPA OTS 797.1400 (Fish Acute Toxicity Test)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	NOEC	>= 10,1 mg/l	45 d	Oryzias latipes	OECD Guideline 210 (fish early lite stage toxicity test)

Toxicity (Daphnia):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Butanone 78-93-3	EC50	5.091 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	EC50	164 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia cucullata	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
n-butyl acetate 123-86-4	EC50	44 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia sp.	OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	EC50	95 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	EPA OTS 797.1300 (Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity Test, Freshwater Daphnids)

Chronic toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Ethyl acetate	NOEC	2,4 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia
141-78-6					magna, Reproduction Test)
n-butyl acetate	NOEC	23,2 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	OECD 211 (Daphnia
123-86-4					magna, Reproduction Test)
Acrylic acid	NOEC	19 mg/l	21 d	Daphnia magna	EPA OTS 797.1330
79-10-7					(Daphnid Chronic Toxicity
					Test)

Toxicity (Algae):

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Butanone 78-93-3	EC50	2.029 mg/l	96 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Butanone 78-93-3	EC10	1.289 mg/l	96 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	EC50	> 2.000 mg/l	96 h	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	NOEC	2.000 mg/l	96 h	Selenastrum capricornutum (new name: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
n-butyl acetate 123-86-4	EC50	674,7 mg/l	72 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
n-butyl acetate 123-86-4	EC10	295,5 mg/l	72 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	EC10	0,03 mg/l	72 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	EU Method C.3 (Algal Inhibition test)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	EC50	0,13 mg/l	72 h	Scenedesmus subspicatus (new name: Desmodesmus subspicatus)	EU Method C.3 (Algal Inhibition test)

Toxicity to microorganisms

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
Butanone 78-93-3	EC50	1.150 mg/l	16 h	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 8 (Pseudomonas Zellvermehrungshemm- Test)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	EC10	2.900 mg/l	18 h	Pseudomonas putida	DIN 38412, part 8 (Pseudomonas Zellvermehrungshemm- Test)
n-butyl acetate 123-86-4	IC50	356 mg/l	40 h	Ciliate (Tetrahymena pyriformis)	other guideline:
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	EC20	900 mg/l	30 min	activated sludge, domestic	ISO 8192 (Test for Inhibition of Oxygen Consumption by Activated Sludge)

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Degradability	Exposure time	Method
Butanone 78-93-3	readily biodegradable	aerobic	98 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	readily biodegradable	aerobic	100 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)
n-butyl acetate 123-86-4	readily biodegradable	aerobic	83 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	inherently biodegradable	aerobic	100 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 302 B (Inherent biodegradability: Zahn- Wellens/EMPA Test)
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	readily biodegradable	aerobic	81 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 D (Ready Biodegradability: Closed Bottle Test)

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Bioconcentratio n factor (BCF)	Exposure time	Temperature	Species	Method
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	30	3 d	22,5 °C	Leuciscus idus melanotus	other guideline:
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	3,16				QSAR (Quantitative Structure Activity Relationship)

12.4. Mobility in soil

Hazardous substances	LogPow	Temperature	Method
CAS-No.			
Butanone	0,3	40 °C	OECD Guideline 117 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), HPLC
78-93-3			Method)
Ethyl acetate	0,68	25 °C	EPA OPPTS 830.7560 (Partition Coefficient, n-octanol / H2O, Generator
141-78-6			Column Method)
n-butyl acetate	2,3	25 °C	OECD Guideline 117 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), HPLC
123-86-4			Method)
Acrylic acid	0,46	25 °C	OECD Guideline 107 (Partition Coefficient (n-octanol / water), Shake
79-10-7			Flask Method)

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	PBT / vPvB
Butanone 78-93-3	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Ethyl acetate 141-78-6	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
n-butyl acetate 123-86-4	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Acrylic acid 79-10-7	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

not applicable

12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

In consultation with the responsible local authority, must be subjected to special treatment.

Waste code

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you. 080409

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR	1139
RID	1139
ADN	1139
IMDG	1139
IATA	1139

14.2. UN proper shipping name

COATING SOLUTION
COATING SOLUTION
COATING SOLUTION
COATING SOLUTION
Coating solution

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR	3
RID	3
ADN	3
IMDG	3
IATA	3

14.4. Packing group

ADR	II
RID	II
ADN	II
IMDG	II
IATA	II

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR	not applicable
RID	not applicable
ADN	not applicable
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR	Special provision 640D
	Tunnelcode: (D/E)
RID	Special provision 640D
ADN	Special provision 640D
IMDG	not applicable
IATA	not applicable

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not applicable

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Ozone Depleting Substance (ODS) (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009): Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (Regulation (EU) No 649/2012): Persistent organic pollutants (Regulation (EU) 2019/1021):

Not applicable Not applicable Hexachlorobenzene CAS 118-74-1

VOC content 63,7 %

(2010/75/EU)

VOC Paints and Varnishes (EU):

Product (sub)category: This product is not a subject of the Directive 2004/42/EC

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has been carried out.

National regulations/information (Germany):

WGK: WGK 1: slightly hazardous to water (Ordinance on facilities for handling

substances that are hazardous to water (AwSV)) Classification according to AwSV, Annex 1 (5.2)

BG regulations, rules, infos:

BG data sheet: BGI 621 Solvents

Storage class according to TRGS 510:

SECTION 16: Other information

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text

of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

ED: Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties

EU OEL:

Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit

EU EXPLD 1:

Substance listed in Annex I, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148

EU EXPLD 2

Substance listed in Annex II, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148

SVHC:

Substance of very high concern (REACH Candidate List)

PBT:

Substance fulfilling persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic criteria

PBT/vPvB: Substance fulfilling persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic plus very persistent and very

bioaccumulative criteria

vPvB: Substance fulfilling very persistent and very bioaccumulative criteria

Further information:

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Relevant changes in this safety data sheet are indicated by vertical lines at the left margin in the body of this document. Corresponding text is displayed in a different color on shadowed fields.

Annex - Exposure Scenarios:

Exposure Scenarios for butanone (MEK) can be downloaded under the following link: https://mysds.henkel.com/index.html#/appSelection